

This Page Is Inserted by IFW Operations
and is not a part of the Official Record

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images may include (but are not limited to):

- BLACK BORDERS
- TEXT CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
- FADED TEXT
- ILLEGIBLE TEXT
- SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
- COLORED PHOTOS
- BLACK OR VERY BLACK AND WHITE DARK PHOTOS
- GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

**As rescanning documents *will not* correct images,
please do not report the images to the
Image Problem Mailbox.**

PATENT ABSTRACTS OF JAPAN

(11)Publication number : 02-057198

(43)Date of publication of application : 26.02.1990

(51)Int.Cl.

C12Q 1/06

(21)Application number : 63-206362

(71)Applicant : TOKYO METROPOLIS

(22)Date of filing : 22.08.1988

(72)Inventor : WASHISU KIYOSHI
YAMAMOTO TAKAYUKI
SHIMADA SEIICHI
TSURU TOSHIO

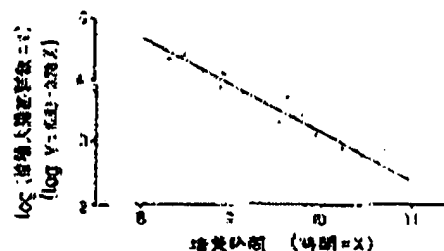
(54) MEASUREMENT OF NUMBER OF COLIFORM GROUP

(57)Abstract:

PURPOSE: To measure number of coliform groups in test specimen suitable for optimization of an amount of chlorine injected for disinfecting target water in a short time in high reliability by inoculating a test specimen into a medium for detecting coliform groups and detecting a culture time of pressure of evolving gas to reach given pressure.

CONSTITUTION: A test specimen containing coliform groups is inoculated into a medium such as BGLB medium for detecting coliform groups and subjected to spinner culture at 37° C to promote generation of gas. A culture time wherein pressure of evolving gas reaches given pressure is detected and number of coliform groups is calculated by the formula (X is culture time; Y is number of inoculated coliform groups) to measure the number of coliform groups in the test specimen. The number of coliform groups in the test specimen can be measured in a short time in high reliability, complexity of counting by human power is omitted, an amount of chlorine injected for disinfection is readily optimized, automatic control of chlorine injection is made possible and this method has effects to reduce labor and to expect economic efficiency.

$$\log Y (= 10.93 - 0.78 X)$$



LEGAL STATUS

[Date of request for examination]

[Date of sending the examiner's decision of rejection]

[Kind of final disposal of application other than the examiner's decision of rejection or application converted registration]

[Date of final disposal for application]

[Patent number]

[Date of registration]

[Number of appeal against examiner's decision of rejection]

[Date of requesting appeal against examiner's decision of rejection]